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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A machine-readable indicia-bearing substrate structure, comprising:
- a substrate having a first surface and a second surface;
- a first information bearing indicia defined by a fluorescent material positioned adjacent to the first surface;
- a second information bearing indicia defined by a fluorescent material positioned adjacent to the second surface; and

means for preventing interference between a first fluorescing signal emitted by the first indicia and a second fluorescing signal emitted by the second indicia during a detection process.

- 2. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein the interference preventing means includes a thin metal foil layer positioned between the first indicia and the second indicia.
- 3. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein the interference preventing means includes a reflective or absorptive layer positioned between the first and second indicia.
- 4. The substrate structure of Claim 3 wherein the reflective or absorptive layer comprises one or more of the following materials:

Titanium (IV) Oxide (TiØ2), Zinc Oxide (ZnO), Zirconium (IV) Oxide (ZrO2), aluminum oxide (AlO3), aluminum oxide hydroxide (AlO(OH)), aluminum trihydroxide (Al(OH)3).

5. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein the interference preventing means includes a black background disposed between the first and second indicia.

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- 6. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein the interference preventing means includes:
- a first layer of a reflective or an absorptive material disposed on the first surface of the substrate, the first indicia disposed on an outer surface of the first layer; and
- a second layer of a reflective or an absorptive material disposed on the second surface of the substrate, the second indicia disposed on an outer surface of the second layer.
- 7. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein the interference preventing means includes reflective or absorptive radiation blocking materials dispersed within said substrate.
- 8. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein the substrate comprises first and second thin layers of a substrate material, and the interference preventing means includes a reflective or absorptive layer sandwiched between the first thin layer and the second thin layer.
- 9. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein the substrate is selected from the group consisting of:

paper, polyester, polyethylene and polystyrene.

- 10. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein said fluorescent material is a material which fluoresces energy at a wavelength within the spectral region between 200 and 1100 nanometers upon excitation by excitation radiation.
- 11. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein the first indicia and the second indicia are arranged in an overlapping relationship.

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- 12. The substrate structure of Claim 1 further comprising a/sheet of a print medium, and said substrate structure is adhered to a surface of the sheet of the print medium.
- 13. The substrate structure of Claim 1 wherein the substrate is a print medium, and the indicia are applied to a portion of the print medium which does not receive printed components of an image during a printing process.
- 14. The substrate structure of Claim 1, further comprising a layer of a print medium in roll form, and said substrate structure is/attached to a surface of the layer of the print medium.
 - 15. A print medium encoded with information bearing indicia, comprising: a layer of a print medium;

an indicia-bearing tape structure adhered to said layer of the print medium, said tape structure comprising:

- a tape substrate having a first/surface and a second surface;
- a first information bearing indicia defined by a fluorescent material positioned adjacent the first surface;
- a second information bearing indicia defined by a fluorescent material positioned adjacent the second surface; and

means for preventing interference between a first fluorescing signal emitted by the first indicia and a second fluorescing signal emitted by the second indicia during a detection process.

16. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the interference preventing means includes a thin metal foil layer positioned between the first indicia and the second indicia.

- 17. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the interference preventing means includes a reflective or absorptive layer positioned between the first and second indicia.
- 18. The print medium of Claim 17 wherein the reflective or absorptive layer comprises one or more of the following materials:

Titanium (IV) Oxide (TiO2), Zinc Oxide (ZnO), Zinconium (IV) Oxide (ZrO2), aluminum oxide (AlO3), aluminum oxide hydroxide (AlO(OH)), aluminum trihydroxide (Al(OH)3).

- 19. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the interference preventing means includes a black background disposed between the first and second indicia.
- 20. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the interference preventing means includes:
- a first layer of a reflective or an absorptive material disposed on the first surface of the tape substrate, the first indicia disposed on an outer surface of the first layer; and
- a second layer of a reflective or an absorptive material disposed on the second surface of the tape substrate, the second indicia disposed on an outer surface of the second layer.
- 21. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the interference preventing means includes reflective or absorptive radiation blocking materials dispersed within the tape substrate.
- 22. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the tape substrate comprises first and second thin layers of a tape material, and the interference preventing means includes a reflective or absorptive layer sandwiched between the first thin layer and the second thin layer.

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23. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the tape substrate is fabricated from a material selected from the group consisting of:

paper, polyester, polyethylene and polystyrene.

- 24. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein said fluorescent material is a material which fluoresces energy at a wavelength within the spectral region between 200 and 1100 nanometers upon excitation by excitation radiation.
- 25. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the first indicia and the second indicia are arranged in an overlapping relationship.
- 26. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the layer of the print medium is a layer of a transparent or clear print material.
- 27. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the layer of the print medium is in sheet form.
- 28. The print medium of Claim 15 wherein the layer of the print medium is in roll form.
- 29. A method of reading data encoded on print media, comprising:

 providing a layer of a print medium having an indicia-bearing tape
 structure adhered to a surface of said layer, said tape structure including
 - a tape substrate having a first surface and a second surface,
- a first information bearing indicia defined by a fluorescent material positioned adjacent to the first surface, a second information bearing indicia defined by a fluorescent material positioned adjacent to the second surface; and

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means for preventing interference between a first fluorescing signal emitted by the first indicia and a second fluorescing signal emitted by the second indicia during a detection process;

providing an image transfer device having a light source for illuminating the tape structure and a sensor for detecting the radiation emitted by the indicia; and

fluorescing signal emitted by the first indicia without interference from a second fluorescing signal emitted by the second indicia.

- 30. The method of Claim 29 wherein the layer is in the form of a sheet.
- 31. The method of Claim 29 wherein the layer is in the form of a roll.